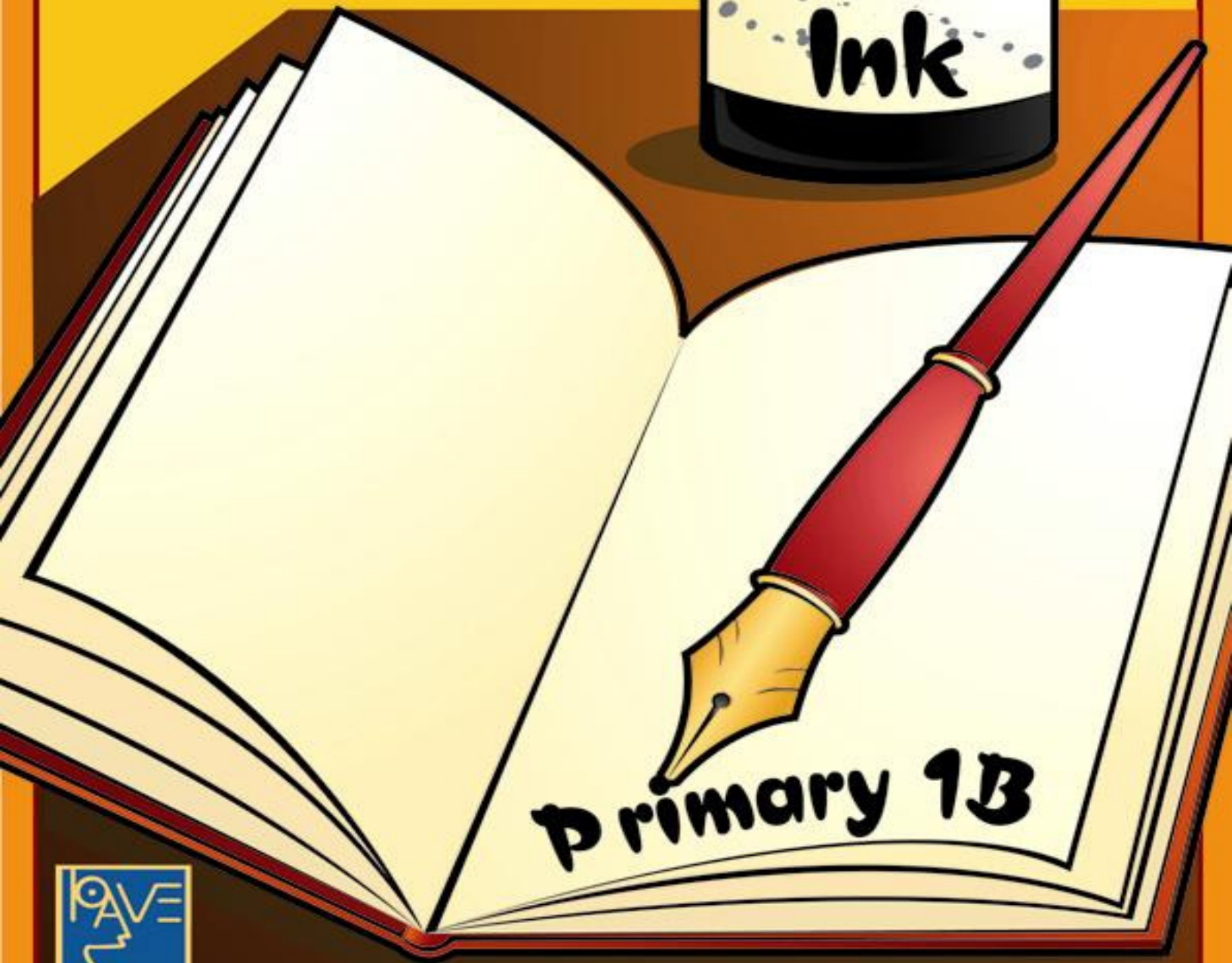


Foundation English (Grammar)





FOUNDATION ENGLISH (GRAMMAR)
Primary 1B

Name: _____

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7.1 Comprehension

Read the passage carefully and answer the questions in complete sentences.

Kangaroos

Kangaroos are commonly found in Australia.



They look like giant rabbits. They have long ears and they hop. They also have very thick and long tails. Kangaroos use their tails for balance during slow movement. They cannot walk backwards. They walk at slow speed. Their back legs are strong to help them make giant leaps.

Kangaroos are usually gentle and they don't attack their enemies nor do they eat meat. They have a mostly vegetarian diet. When there is danger, the mother kangaroo will stuff little joey in her pouch before jumping away.



1. What does a kangaroo look like?

2. What do kangaroos eat?

3. How does a kangaroo protect itself from its enemies?

4. Why do you think kangaroos cannot walk backwards?

7.2 Cloze Passage

Fill in each blank with the correct word.

fresh	stomach-ache	balanced
pellets	plants	carrots



Rabbits are herbivores. This means they eat _____ and do not eat meat. Rabbits need a _____ diet, just like the rest of us. You should not feed your rabbit only _____ or one type of food. Rabbits can be fed with _____ that are especially made for rabbits. You can also feed her _____ vegetables and fruits. But, don't feed her too much vegetables or she might get a _____.

7.3 Comparison of Adjectives

Adjectives can be given special endings to show when we are comparing one thing with others.

Look at this example:



Tall is an **adjective**.



Taller is a **comparative** adjective. It is used to compare two things.



Tallest is a **superlative** adjective. It is used to compare three or more things.

Exercise 1

Complete the pattern in this table.

<u>Adjective</u>	<u>Comparative</u>	<u>Superlative</u>
quick	<u>quicker</u>	<u>quickest</u>
slow	_____	_____
cold	_____	_____
bright	_____	_____
clever	_____	_____
old	_____	_____

Exercise 2

Underline the correct word in the brackets.

1. The blue dress is (big, bigger, biggest) than the red dress.
2. I am too (short, shorter, shortest) to press the lift button.
3. Kathy is the (short, shorter, shortest) in the family
4. An elephant is (big, bigger, biggest) than a mouse
5. Sharon has the (small, smaller, smallest) feet I have ever seen.
6. Your sleeves are (long, longer, longest) than mine.
7. Tom is not as (fat, fatter, fattest) as his father.
8. This puppy is the (ugly, uglier, ugliest) among the four of them.

7.4 Word Building with Suffixes

A **suffix** is a group of letters that can be added to the end of a root word to change its meaning.

- You can make adjectives from nouns by adding suffixes.
e.g. **child** + **ish** = **childish**
- You can make adjectives from verbs by adding suffixes.
e.g. **care** + **ful** = **careful**

Make six adjectives by using the nouns and suffixes below.

Nouns	fish	silk	hope	use
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Suffixes	-less	-y	-ful
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Make six adjectives by using the verbs and suffixes below.

Verbs	enjoy	count	comfort	rest	love
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Suffixes	-able	-less
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